

The role of civil society in ensuring accessibility of preferred ARV regimens

- Advocacy-make sure we reach the targeted group, the government, policy makers
- Treatment education-educate the health personnel, capacitate the support groups
- Expert patients to be put as educative mentors at health facilities
- Support the already existing support groups-health literacy and capacity building
- Sensitize the communities they work with on importance of the right use of ARVs

Role of civil society in ensuring that PrEP is made available to identified groups

- Awareness programs –sensitize the community of the identified groups and accessibility of PrEP
- Engage with organization's that work with the identified groups
- Advocate for accessibility of PrEP to other affected groups that are not part of the already identified groups

How can civil society work together in achieving identified goals

- Make use of already existing structures and strengthen them
- Effective communication-work closely together and implement the actions
- Come up with an MOU were we clearly state how we can work together as civil society

Other organization's that should be engaged

- ZNNP+
- MHAO
- PADARE
- FACT
- Mighty women of Hope
- TRANS –Smart
- DHAT
- ZICHIRE
- GAWPUZ
- ZBCA
- ZAAM

What sort of capacity building is needed for the process to succeed?

- Health literacy trainings-implementation
- Resource mobilization
- Correct distribution of information
- Research
- Developing of IEC materials
- Engage experts in trainings